



OCEANIC MANTA RAY



The largest species of ray in the world. Individuals can be identified by the unique pattern of spots on their ventral side.

DISTRIBUTION: Worldwide in tropical and subtropical waters.

MAXIMUM SIZE: 7 m (disc width)

SCIENTIFIC NAME: *Mobula birostris*

HABITAT: Open ocean, spending much less time at reefs than reef manta rays.

DIET: Plankton

DISTRIBUTION MAP:



CONSERVATION STATUS:



Endangered